NOTE: Video and audio files are found in the media playlist on each lesson page.

eNovation 13 Overview

Goals	In this eNovation, students learn various techniques that allow them to play the lyrical, long melodic lines associated with piano music. Among these techniques are 1) finger crossings using the fourth finger to pivot to the 2nd octave; 2) advanced finger substitutions to extend the melodic range; and 3) contraction/expansion of the hand to shift position and extend the melodic range.		
Key Elements:	ments: • Hand Expansion/Contraction		
	Legato Finger Substitutions		
Finger Crossings Using the 4th Finger			
	Technique: Two - Octave Scales and Arpeggios		
Go to eNovation 13 Topic Page			

Topic 1: Advanced Finger Crossings - Two Octave Scales and Arpeggios; Mixed Fingering Scales (1 oct. H.T.) / Legato Finger Substitution

Lesson Goals			
In this lesson, students learn to extend the legato line using finger substitutions.			
Acti	vity Type / Title w	ith Links	Instructions/Comments
	Listening	<u>Aural ID: M2, m2, M3, m3, P4, TT, P5,</u> <u>M6, m6, M7, m7, P8 (MT.NET)</u>	Interval Recognition
	Technique	<u>Scales: 'White Key' Principle C,G,D,A,E</u> <u>Maj/Min (2-Octaves, HS)</u>	Two-octave scales utilize thumb crossings over and under the 4 th finger.
	Technique	Scales: 'Mixed' Fingerings Bb,Eb,Ab Maj / F#,C#,G# (Ab) Min (1-Octave, HT)	The scales require simultaneous use of two fingering principles.
	Technique	Arpeggios: Two Octaves	Two-octave arpeggios require thumb crossings over large intervals.
	Technique	Legato Finger Substitution Drill	Finger substitution is the replacement of the finger holding down a key with another finger, without releasing that key.

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			This technique is often used to create a connected legato line.
	Reading	Harmonic Reading 13.1: Legato Finger Substitution	These examples require finger substitutions and redistribution of parts as indicated in the score.
	Rhythm	Rhythm Coordination 6: Syncopation II	Syncopated rhythms using patterns of 16th notes. Count carefully while tapping these out. When you are ready, practice them with the play-along audio tracks found at the bottom of the page.
	Repertoire	Allegro in G Major by Johann Wilhelm <u>Hässler</u>	(G Major, 2/4) Scale passages, hand contractions and expansions.
	Repertoire	Innocence, Op. 100, No. 5 by J.F. Burgmüller	(F Major, 3/4) Extends the legato melody through contractions and expansion of the hand, finger substitutions, and register shifts. Requires dexterity.
	Ensemble	<u>Piano Concerto No. 5 (excerpt) by</u> <u>Ludwig van Beethoven</u>	Multiple Keyboard Ensemble (4 players) Key of B Major.
	Ensemble	Second Line "Joe Avery Blues" (U.S New Orleans Traditional)	Multiple Keyboard Ensemble (6 players) Key of Bb Major.

Topic 2: Hand Extension and Contraction / Applied Dominants V/vi and V/ii

Lesson Goals				
In this lesson, students practice contraction and expansion of the hand to shift position and extend the				
melodic range through practical applications. Activity Type / Title with Links Instructions/Comments				
ACU	vity type / title w		Instructions/Comments	
	Technique	Hand Extension and Contraction Drill	This Hanon - style drill focuses on thumb and 5th finger extensions as well as fingering shifts. It is important to follow the indicated fingerings in order to develop comfort and familiarity with these common extensions.	
	Reading	Reading 13.1: Extending and Contracting the Legato Melody	These examples extend your melodic range through advanced fingering techniques. Choose as needed.	
	Lead Sheet	<u>Shalom, Chevarim (Israel)</u>	(E minor, 2/2) The melody of this this requires numerous expansions and contractions of your hand position to accommodate the wide-ranging legato melody.	
	Lead Sheet	Charlie is My Darling (Scotland)	(C Minor, 6/8) Practice your two-octave C Minor scale before trying this melody. It will help you manage the numerous	

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		thumb crossings and hand expansions/contractions.
Lead Sheet	<u>Shenandoah (U.S./Canada)</u>	(F Major, Mixed Meter 4/4, 3/4) The melody requires numerous expansions and contractions of your hand position to accommodate the wide-ranging legato melody. Uses a variety of 7th chord types.
Lead Sheet	Juan Pirulero (Mexico) (Keyboard Style)	(D Major, 3/4) Keyboard Style. Uses inversions of I, IV, V.
Harmonization	If Your're Happy and You Know It (U.S.) (V7/vi)	(F Major, 3/4, V7/vi) Simple melody. Accompaniment options include syncopated block chords, oom-pah, and two-handed accompaniment in keyboard style.
Harmonization	Auld Lang Syne (Scotland) (V7/vi)	(D Major, 4/4, V7/vi) Melody with hand extensions and position shifts. Accompaniment options include close position block chords, ballade style, and two-handed accompaniment in keyboard style.
Harmonization	Blow the Man Down (English Sea Shanty) (V7/ii)	(F Major, 3/4, V7/ii) Simple melody. Accompaniment options include root position block chords, waltz bass and two-handed accompaniment in keyboard style. Includes playlist.
Harmonization	<u>Caribbean Tune (West Indies) (V7/ii)</u>	(A Major, 12/8, V7/ii) Melody requires expansion and contraction of the hand, finger substitutions. Accompaniment options include block chords in root position voicing and in oom-pah style; blocked chords in close position and in oom-pah style.
Harmonization	<u>O, Christmas Tree (Germany) (V7/ii)</u>	(F Major, 3/4, V7/ii) Uncomplicated melody. Accompaniment options include root position block chords and two-handed accompaniments in keyboard style incorporating the melody in the top voice and chorale style.
Repertoire	Sonatina No. 1 in C (First Movement) by Théodore Latour	(C Major, 4/4) Scale passages, repeated thumb crossings.
Repertoire	Elegy by Carl Reinecke	(E Minor, 3/4) features an expressive melody that soars over a chain

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		of constantly shifting chords. Note the ii ^o – V7 – I cadence.
Repertoire	<u>Bagatelle (Für Elise) by Ludwig van</u> <u>Beethoven</u>	(A Minor, 3/8) (Excerpt) Required extended LH positions, pedaling.
Repertoire	Lament by Susanna Garcia	(C Minor, 3/4) L.H. melody playing extended position chords and many thumb crossings. Expansion and contraction of the hand. Some chromaticism. Challenging.
Repertoire	Étude, Op. 82, No. 65 by Cornelius Gurlitt (The Storm)	(D Minor, 4/4) L.H. melody playing extended position chords and many thumb crossings. Position shifts, repeated notes.
Repertoire	German Dance by Ludwig van Beethoven	(A Major, 3/4) Requires careful shaping of parallel motion melody. Several chord position shifts.
Ensemble	String Quartet, Op. 76, No. 3 by Haydn	Multiple keyboard ensemble (4 players)

Topic 3: Advanced Skills: Score Reading and Transposition, Hymn/Chorale Playing, Collaborative Piano

Lesson Goals					
Dev	Develop skill with advanced applications.				
Acti	vity Type / Title w	ith Links	Instructions/Comments		
	Transposition	<u>C Instruments (Extending the Legato</u> <u>Melody)</u>	Play these C instrument transpositions at concert pitch. Be aware of correct registers.		
	Score Reading	<u>Reading Four Staves (4 Staves, 2 Clefs,</u> <u>Three Parts in the RH)</u>			
	Score Reading	Extending the Range (SATB)	SATB: Be able to play all combinations of two parts; and four parts simultaneously.		
	Score Reading	<u>Oh, Come, Little Children by Johann</u> <u>Schulz (SATB) (Christmas)</u>	SATB German Christmas Carol		
	Score Reading	<u>Dixit Dóminus by José Maurício Nunes</u> <u>Garcia (SATB)</u>	SATB Excerpt (mm. 1-17)		
	Score Reading	Quartet, Op. 20, No. 3, ii by Joseph Haydn (String Quartet)	String Quartet Excerpt (mm. 1-10)		



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Score Reading	Hallelujah Chorus by G. F. Handel (4 Staves, 4 Transposing Parts)	Scored for four saxophones.
Hymn/Chorale	<u>Like a River Glorious by</u> <u>Havergal/Mountain</u>	(F Major) Four-Part Chorale
Collaborative Piano	Wiegenlied by Bernhard Flies	This accompaniment utilizes keyboard style but watch for the extended chord positions in m. 8 and mm. 16-18.
Collaborative Piano	<u>Nel cor più mi non sento by Giovanni</u> <u>Paisiello</u>	When practicing this accompaniment, try blocking the broken chords to learn to change positions more quickly.
Collaborative Piano	Seligkeit by Franz Schubert	Primarily keyboard style with scalar introduction. Watch for applied dominants V/ii, V/IV.